

Particle acceleration timescales in relativistic jets

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NGC 6251

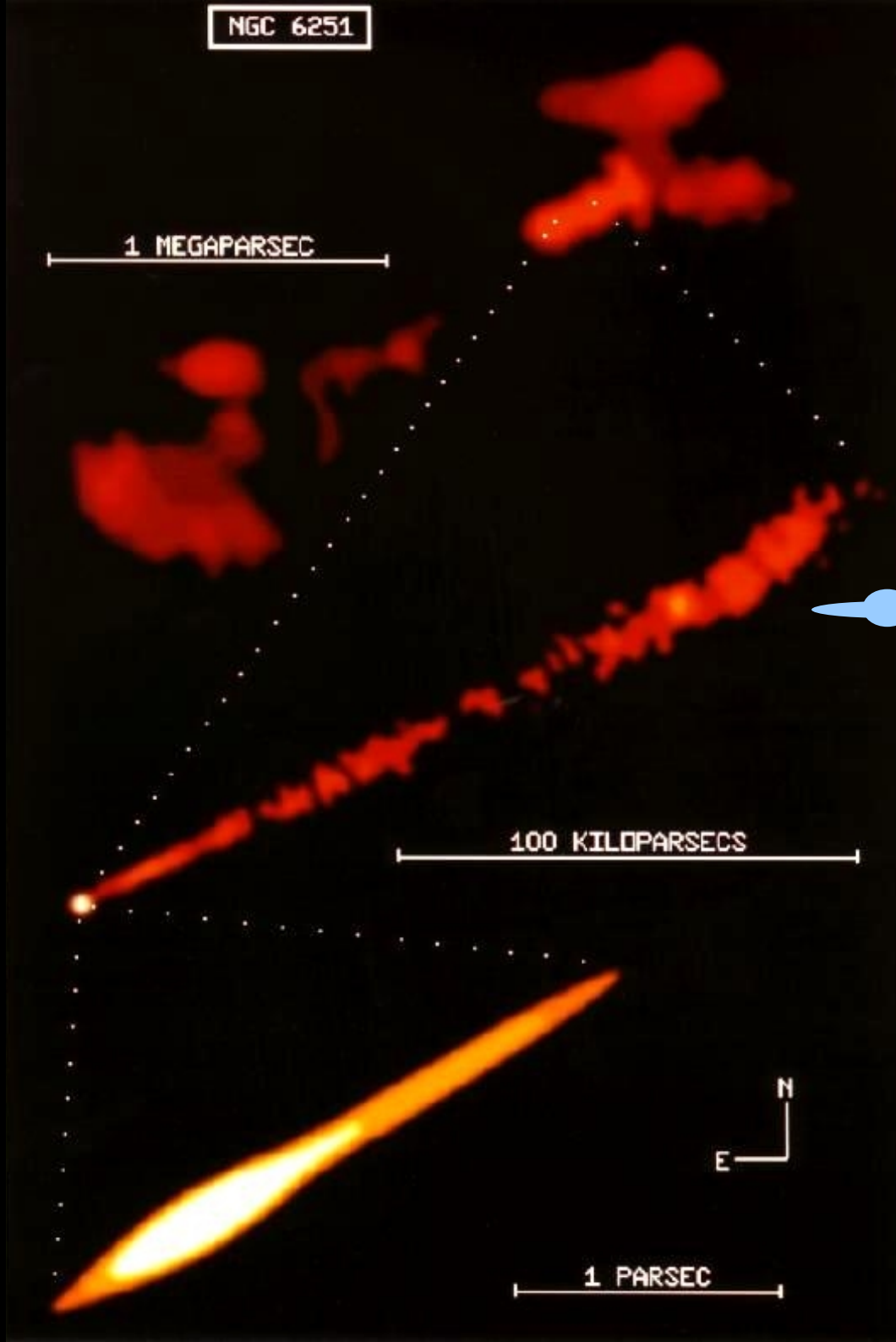
1 MEGAPARSEC

100 KILOPARSECS

1 PARSEC

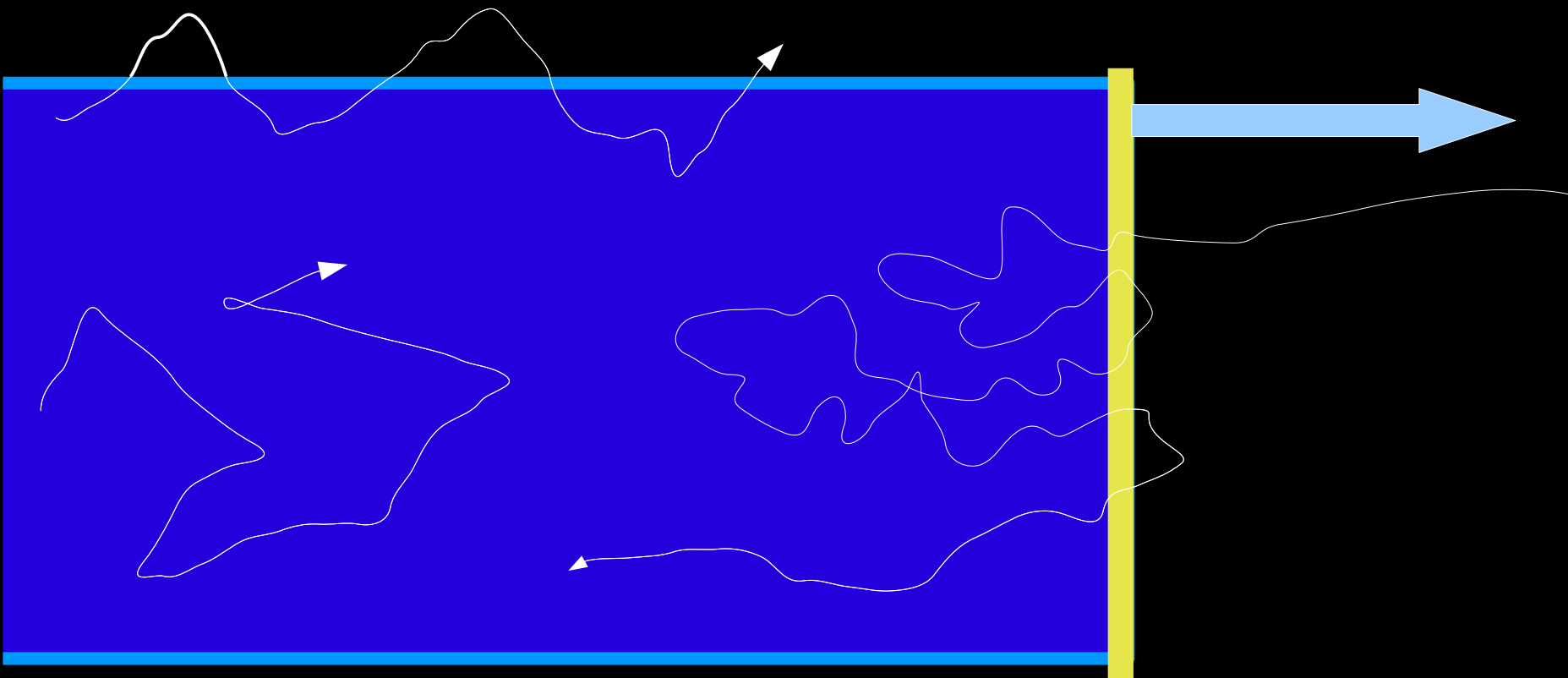


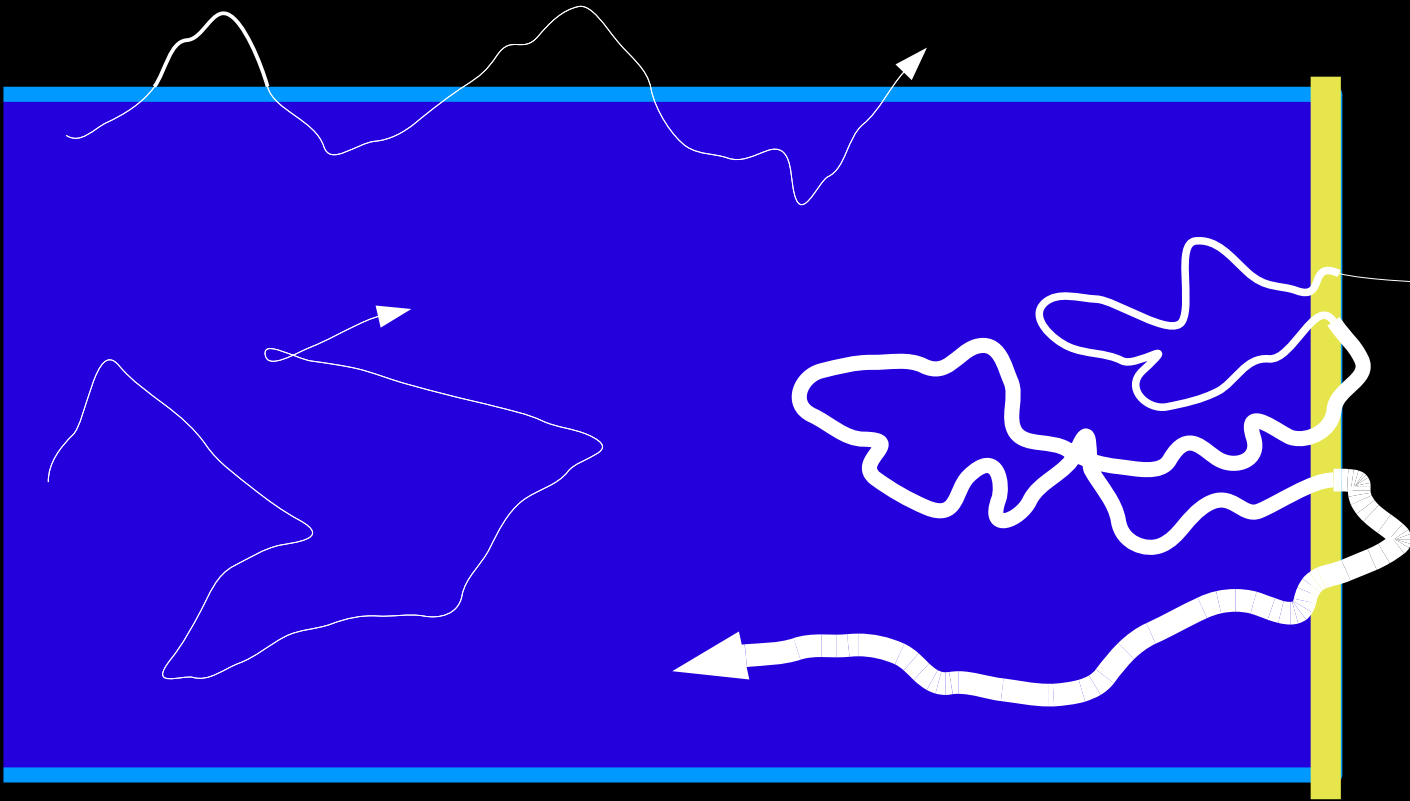
Size of the Milky Way



Flare timescales ~ 5 minutes

- Can particles get energy in this time?
- Is acceleration still instantaneous?
- Which mechanism can / cannot do it?
- "Injection, then only cooling"?
- Can "hard lags" be due to continuous acceleration?

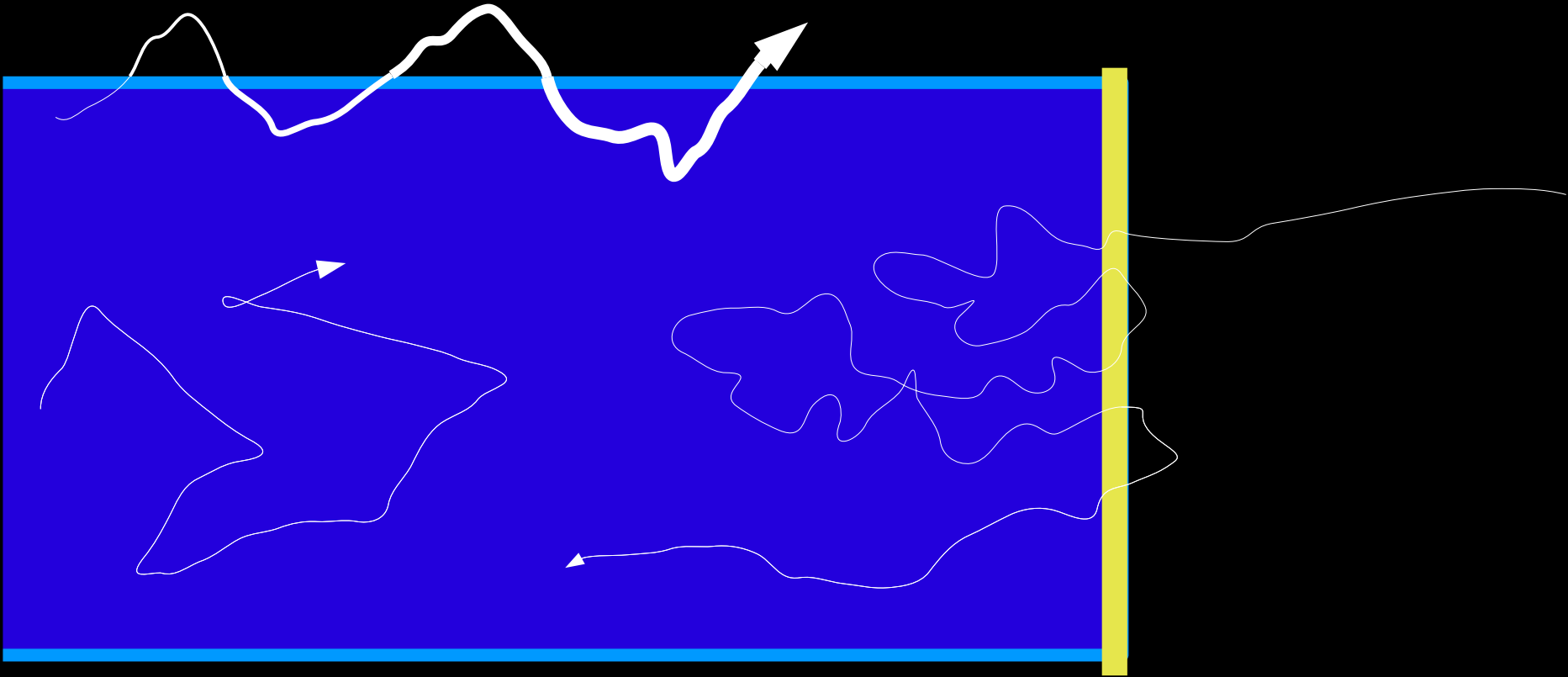


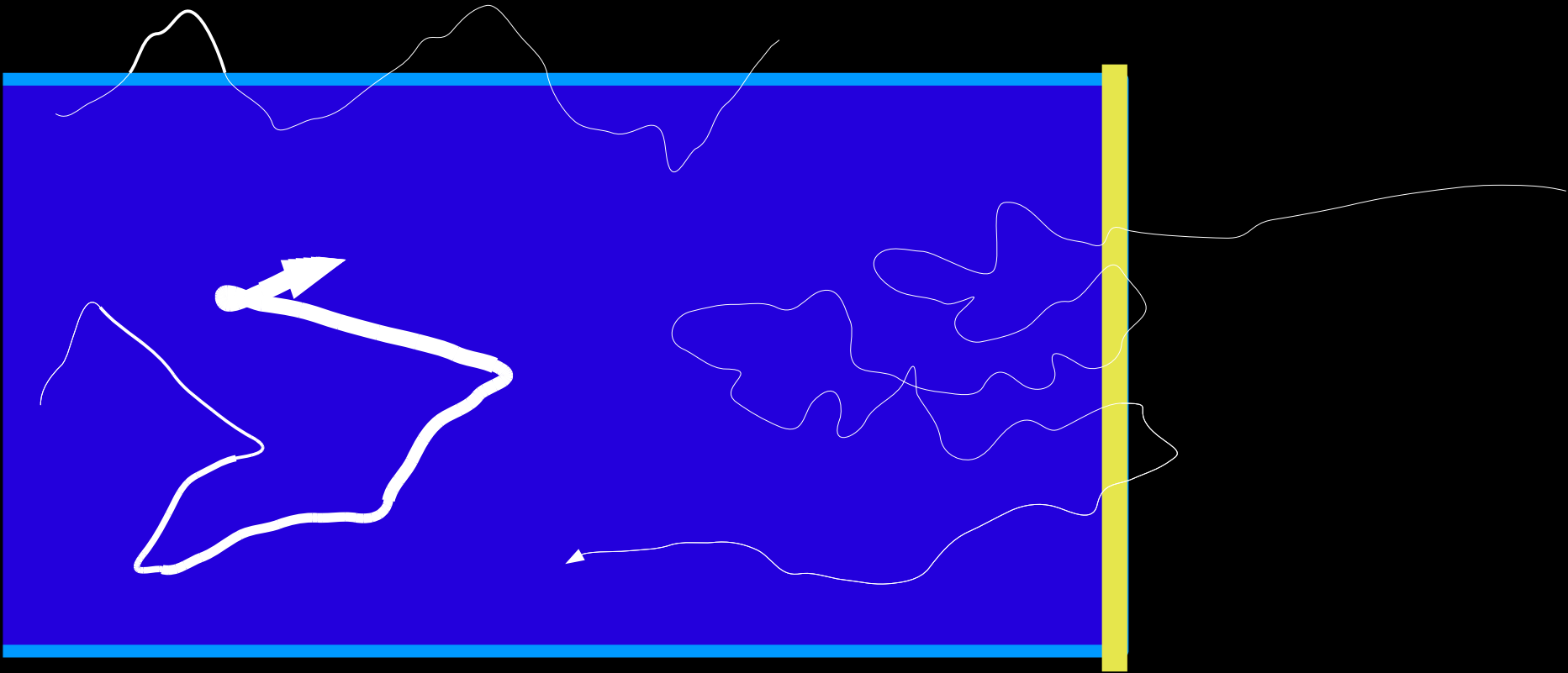


**First-order
Fermi**

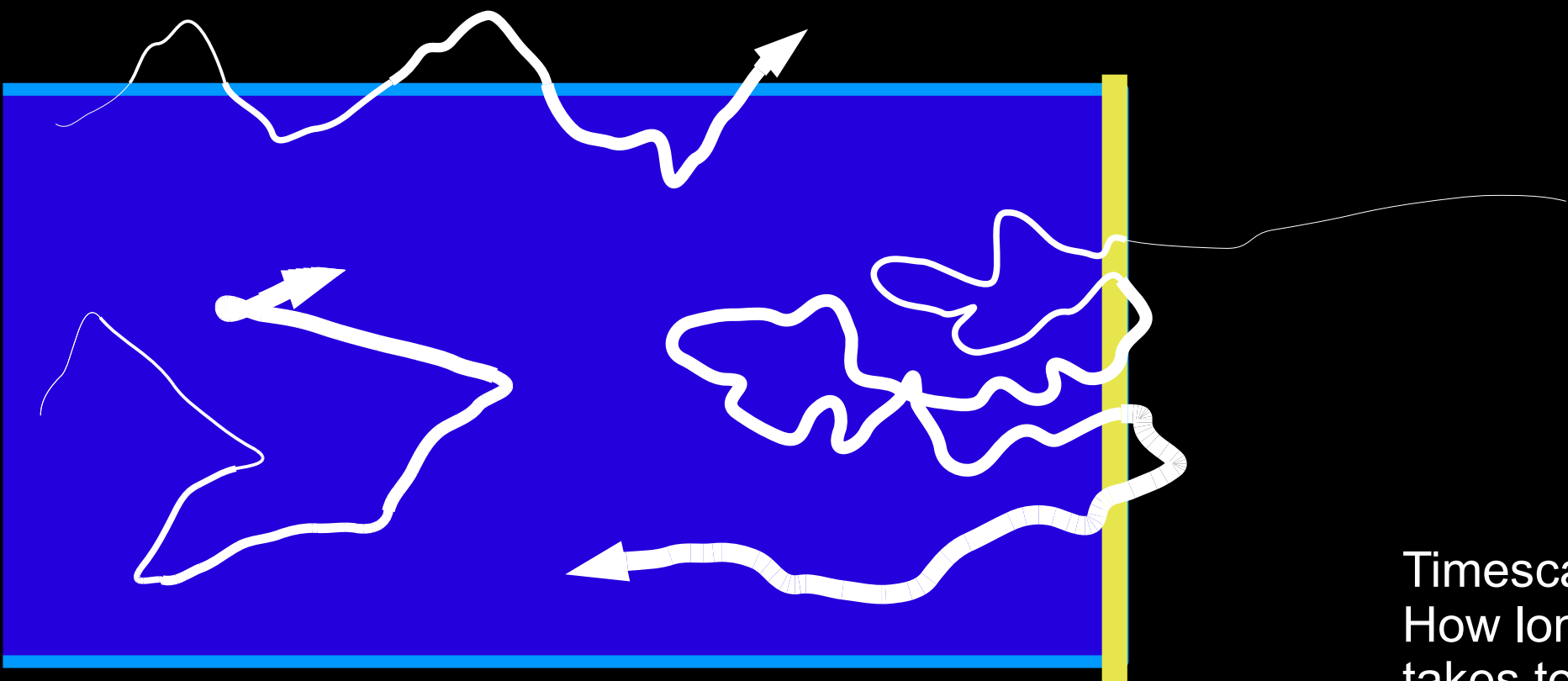
Converter

Shear

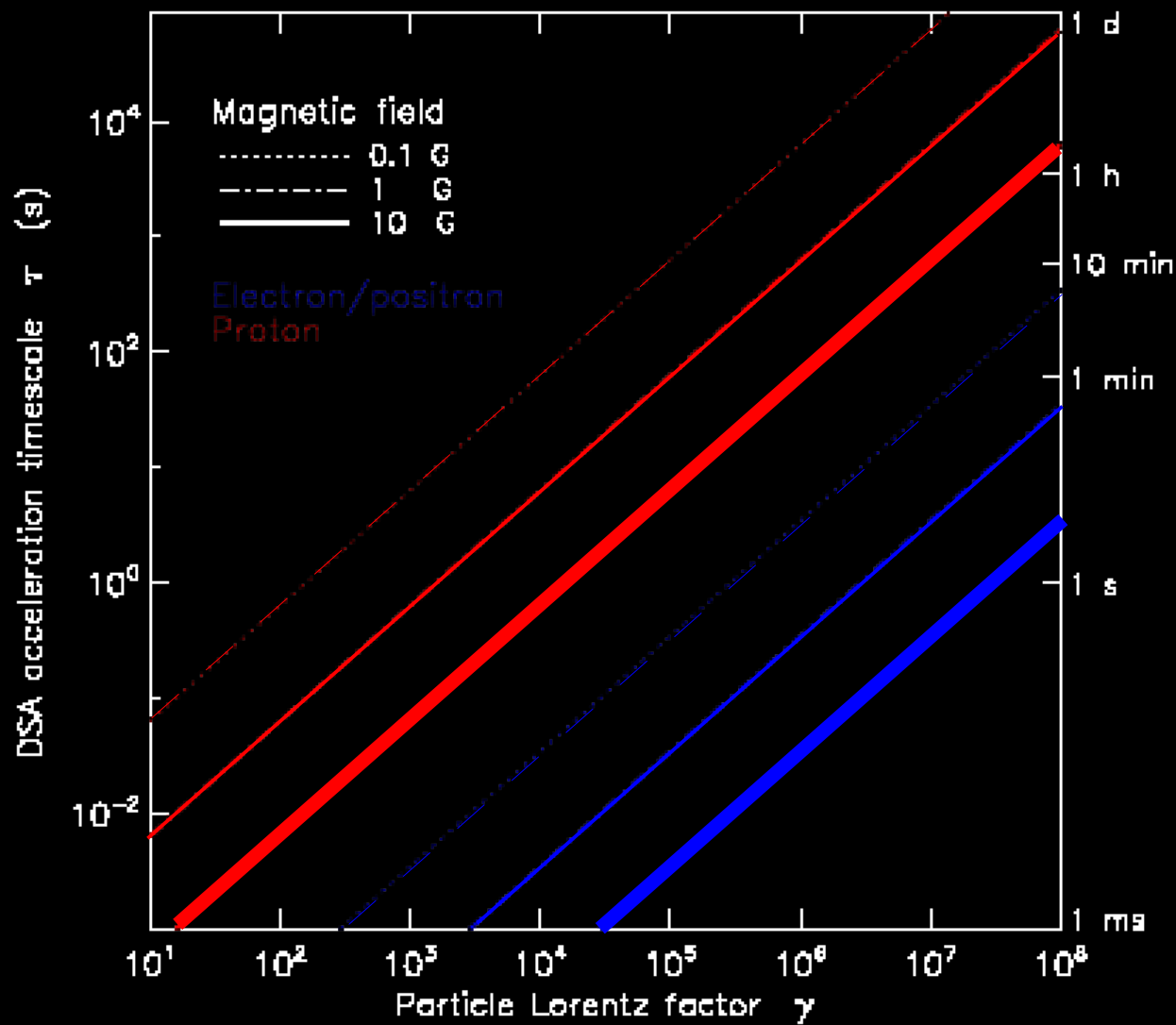




**Second-order Fermi
(stochastic)**

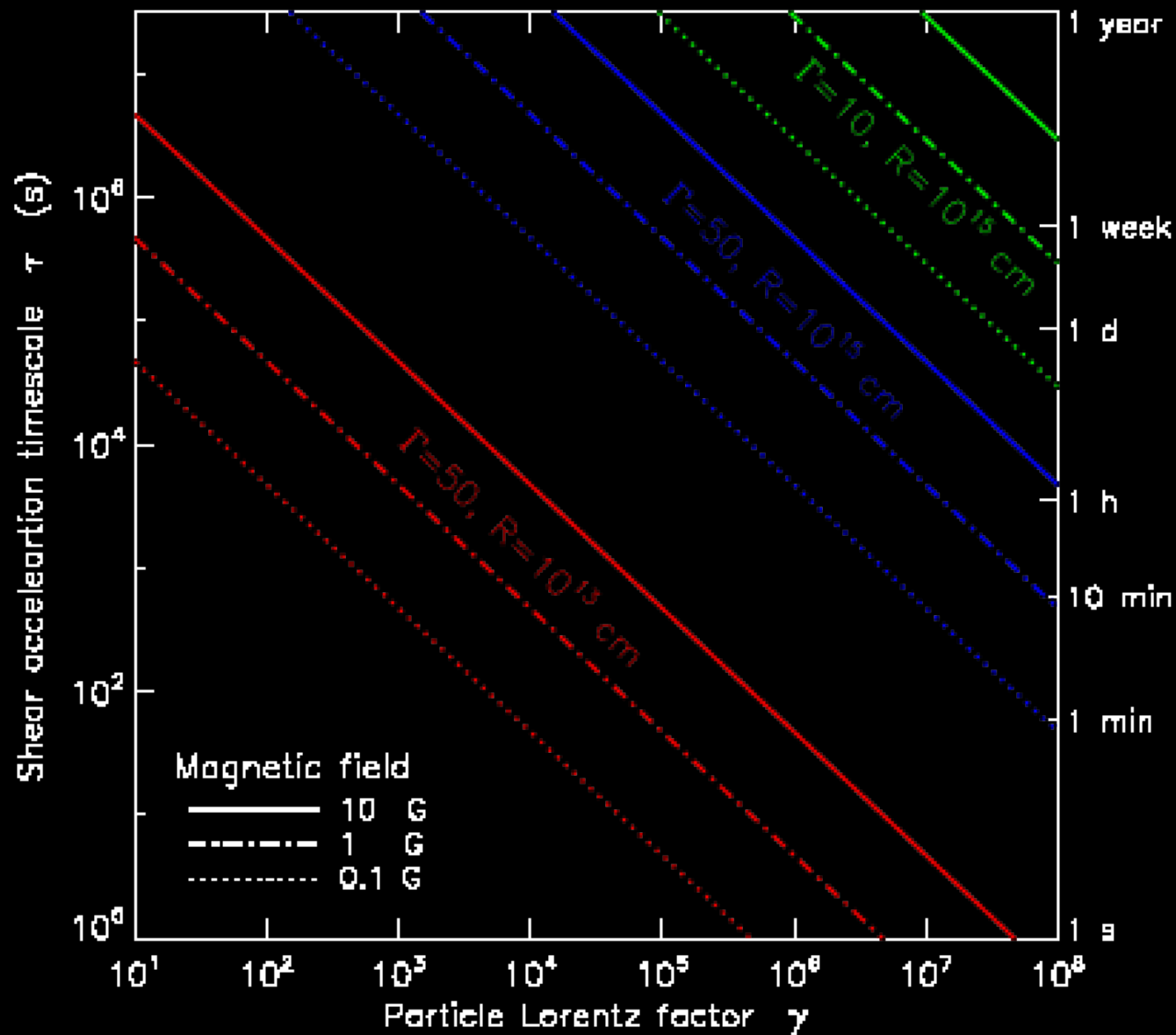


Timescales:
How long it
takes to gain/
lose energy



proton

electron



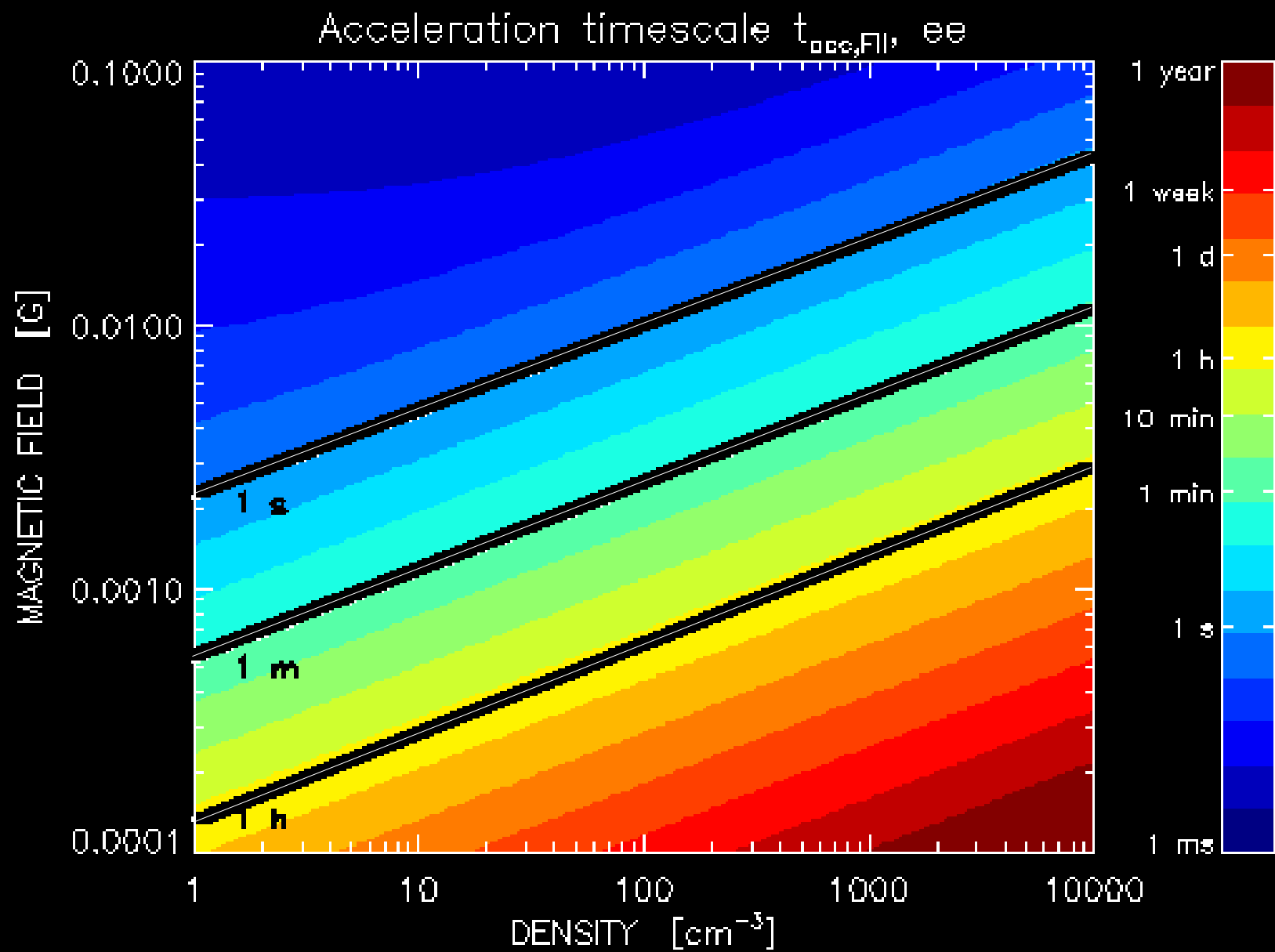
"Slow"
Thick

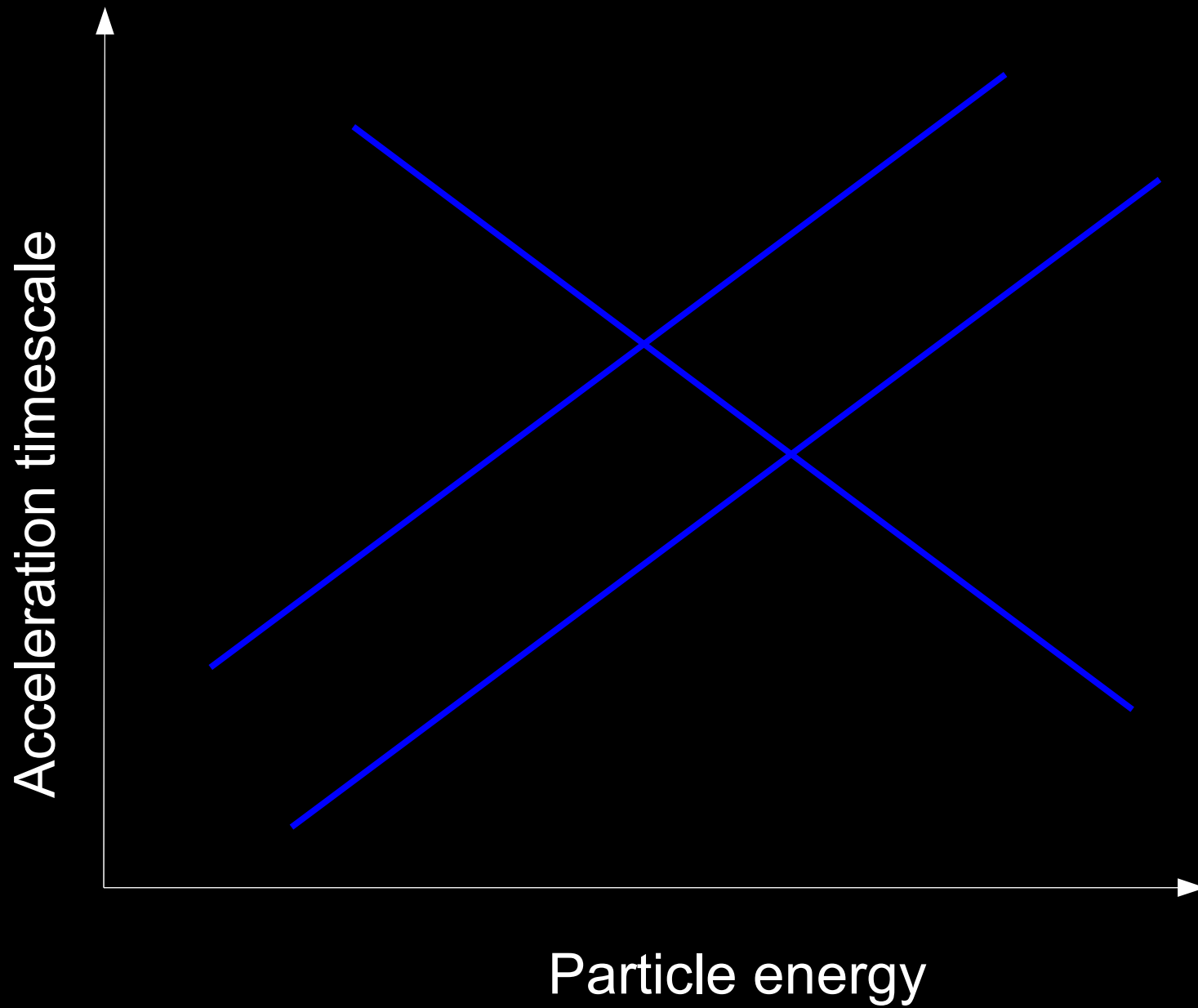
Faster

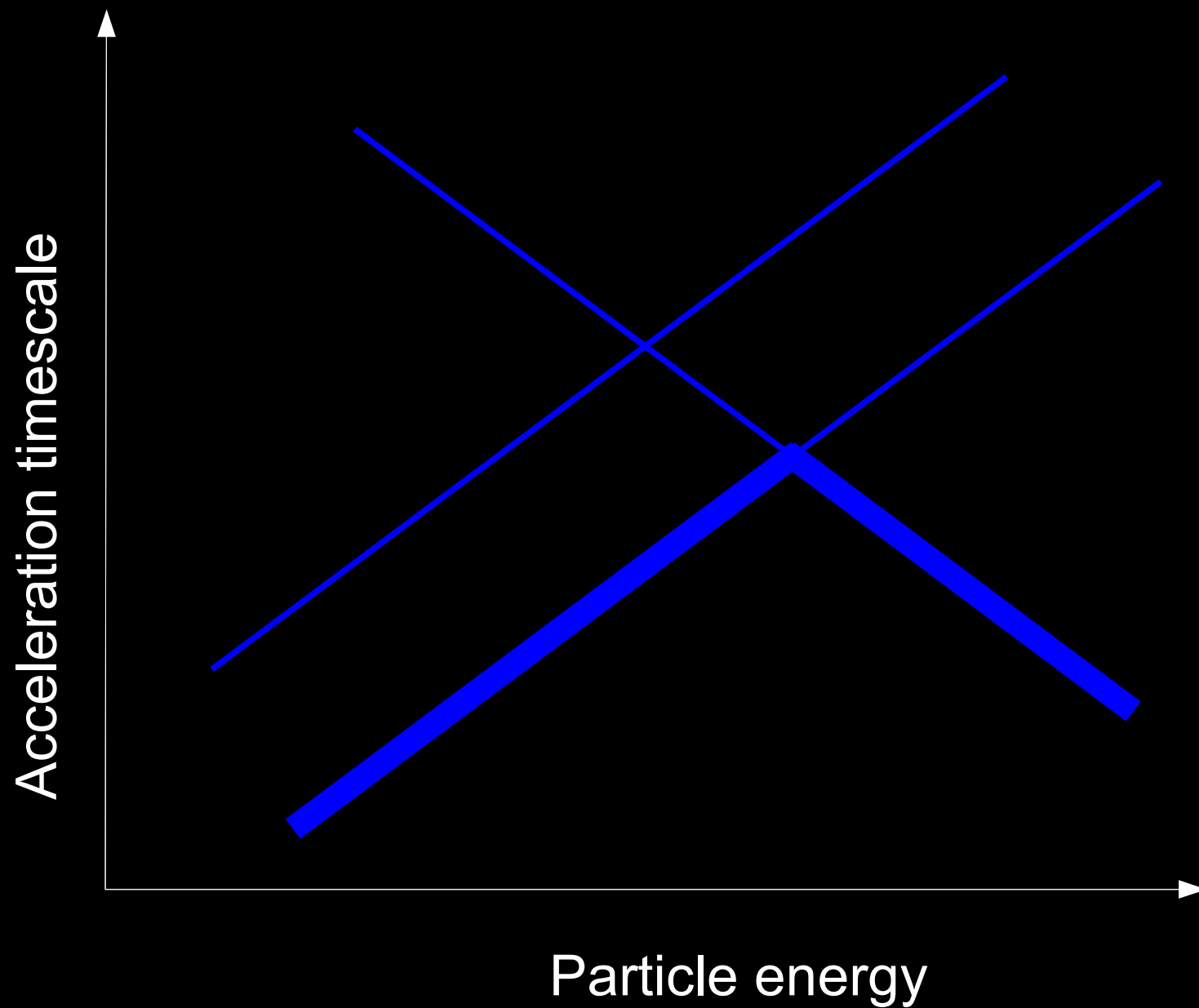
Fast
Thick

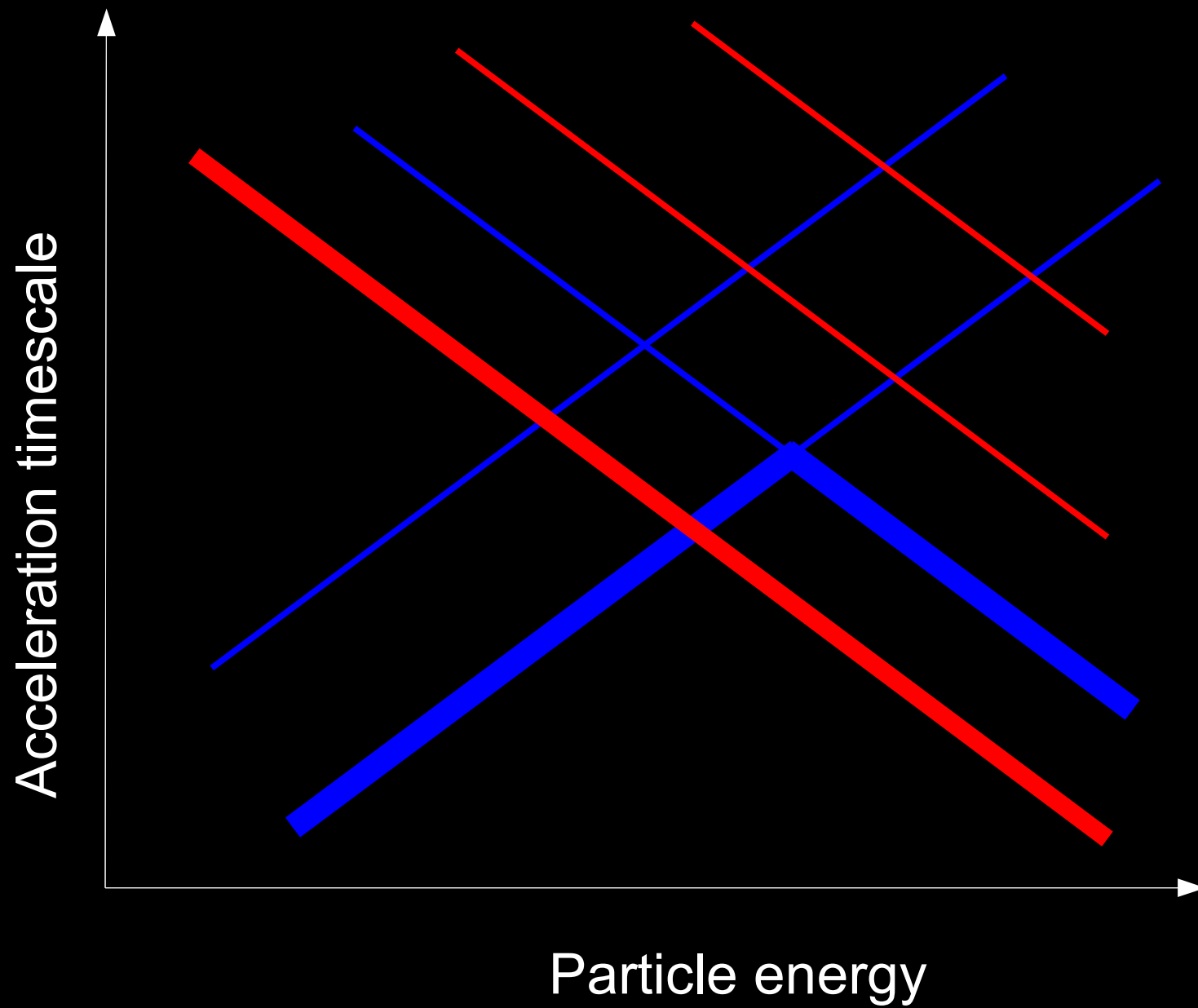
Smaller

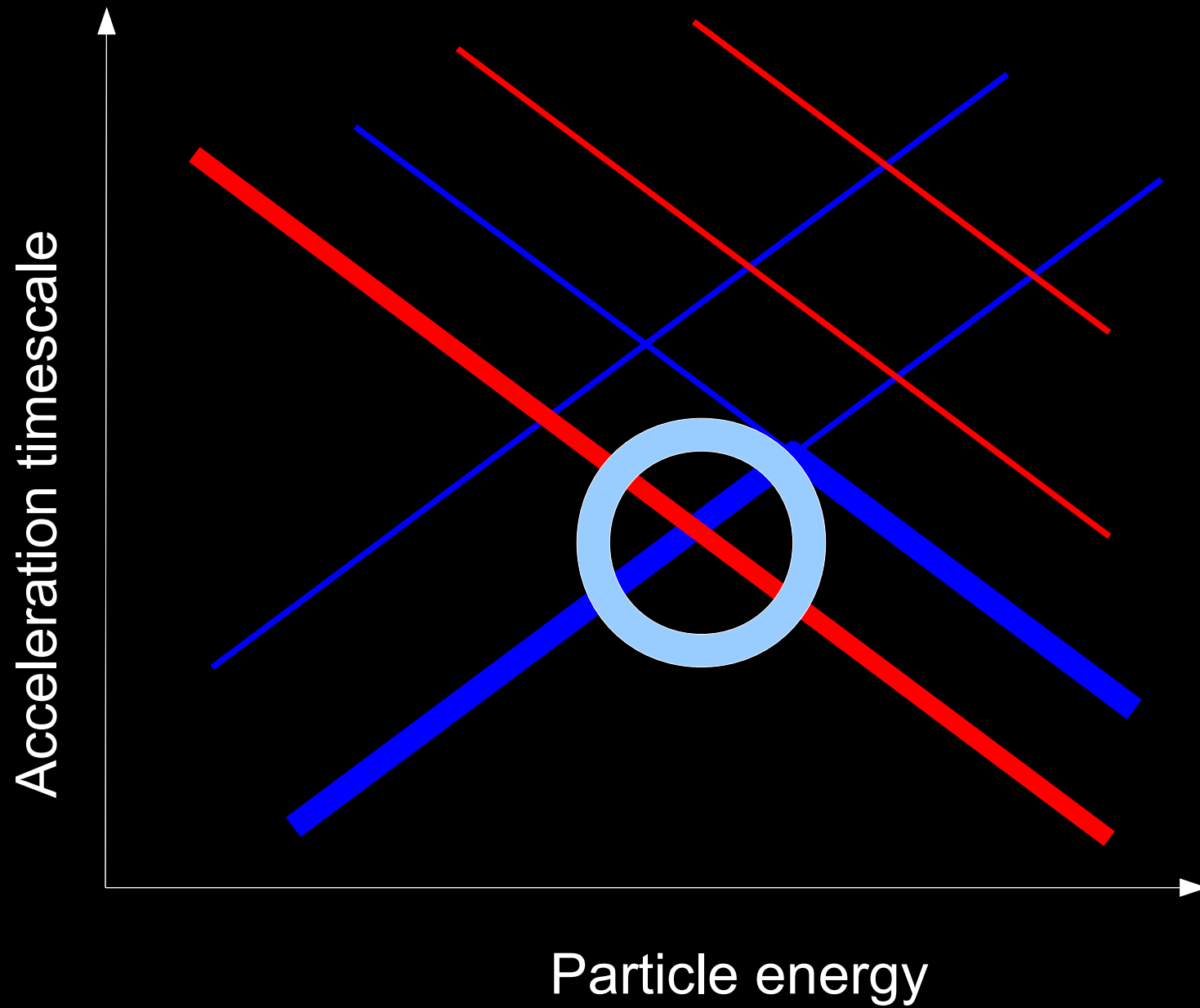
Fast
Narrow

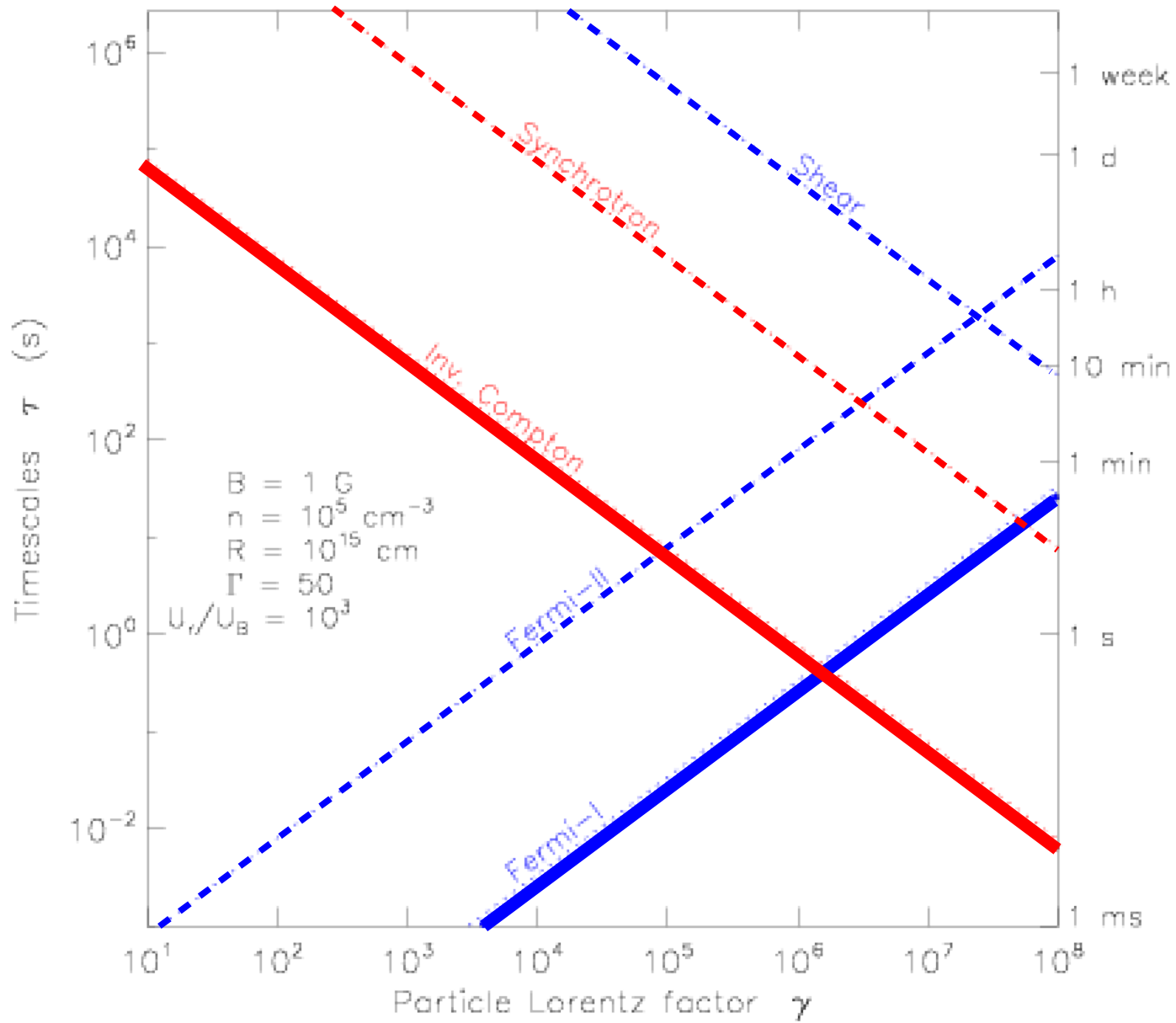


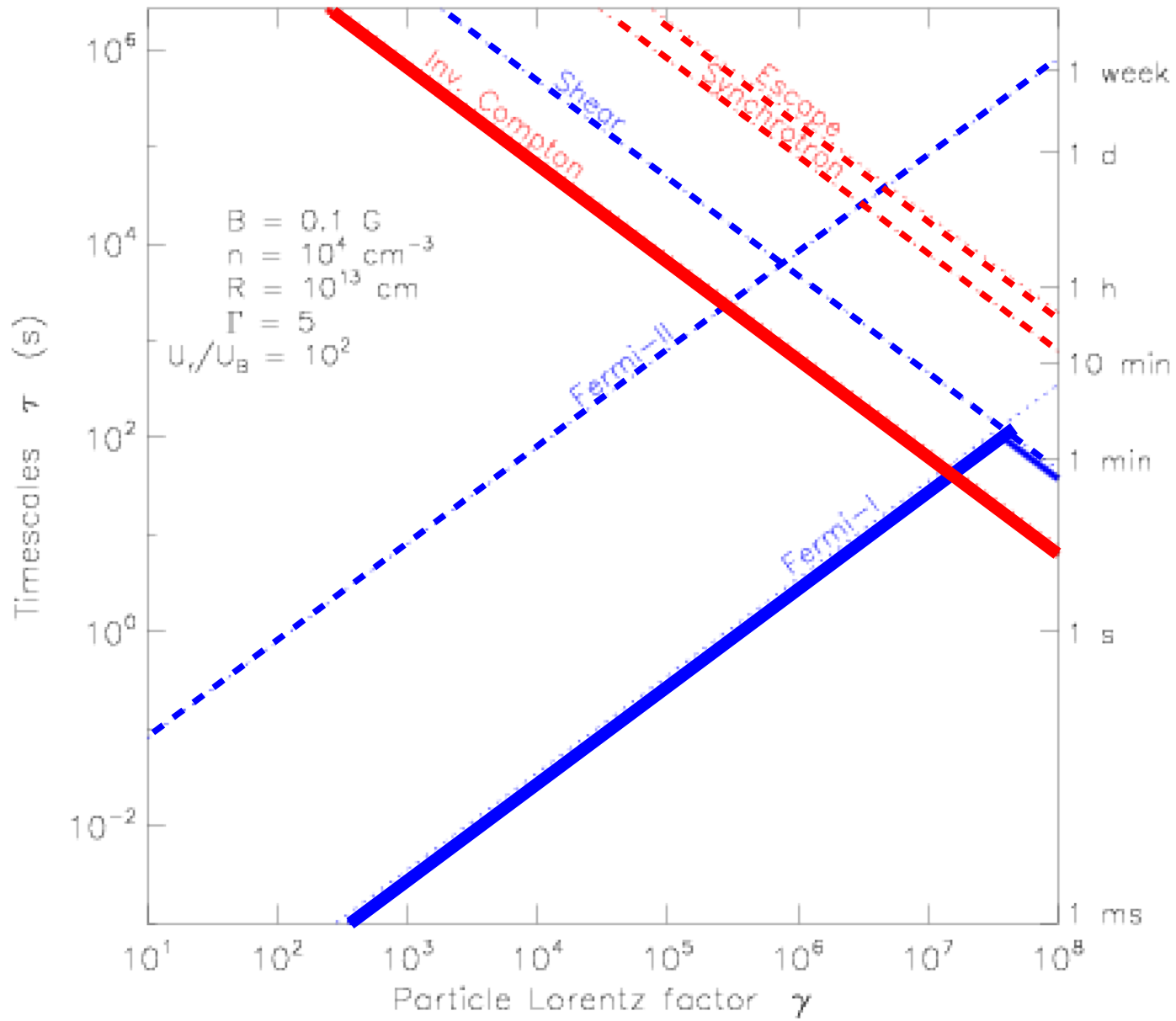








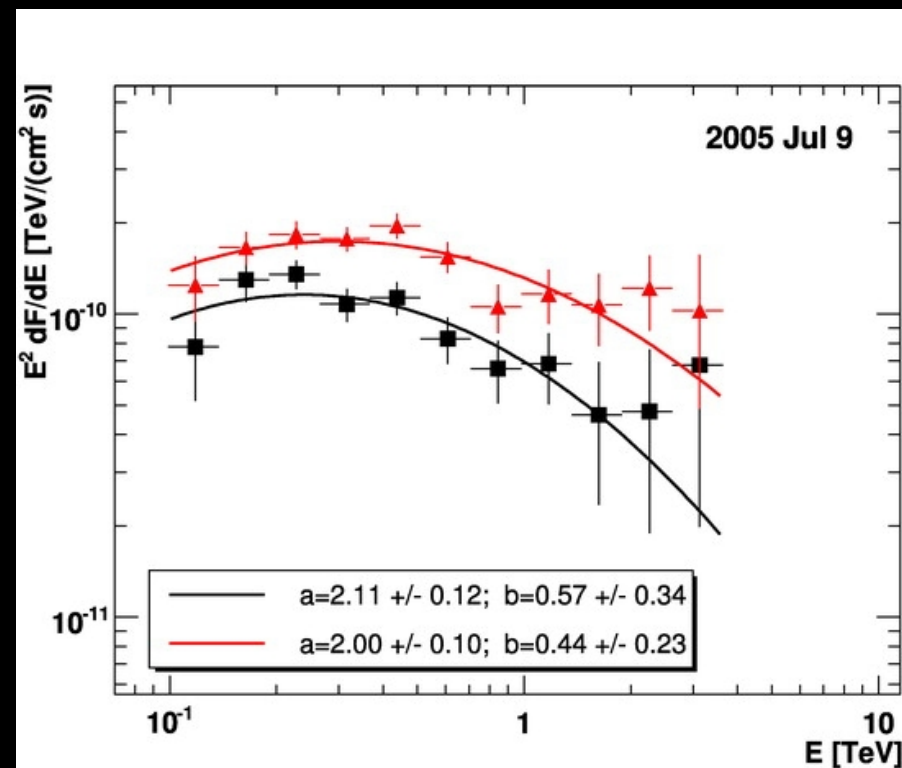
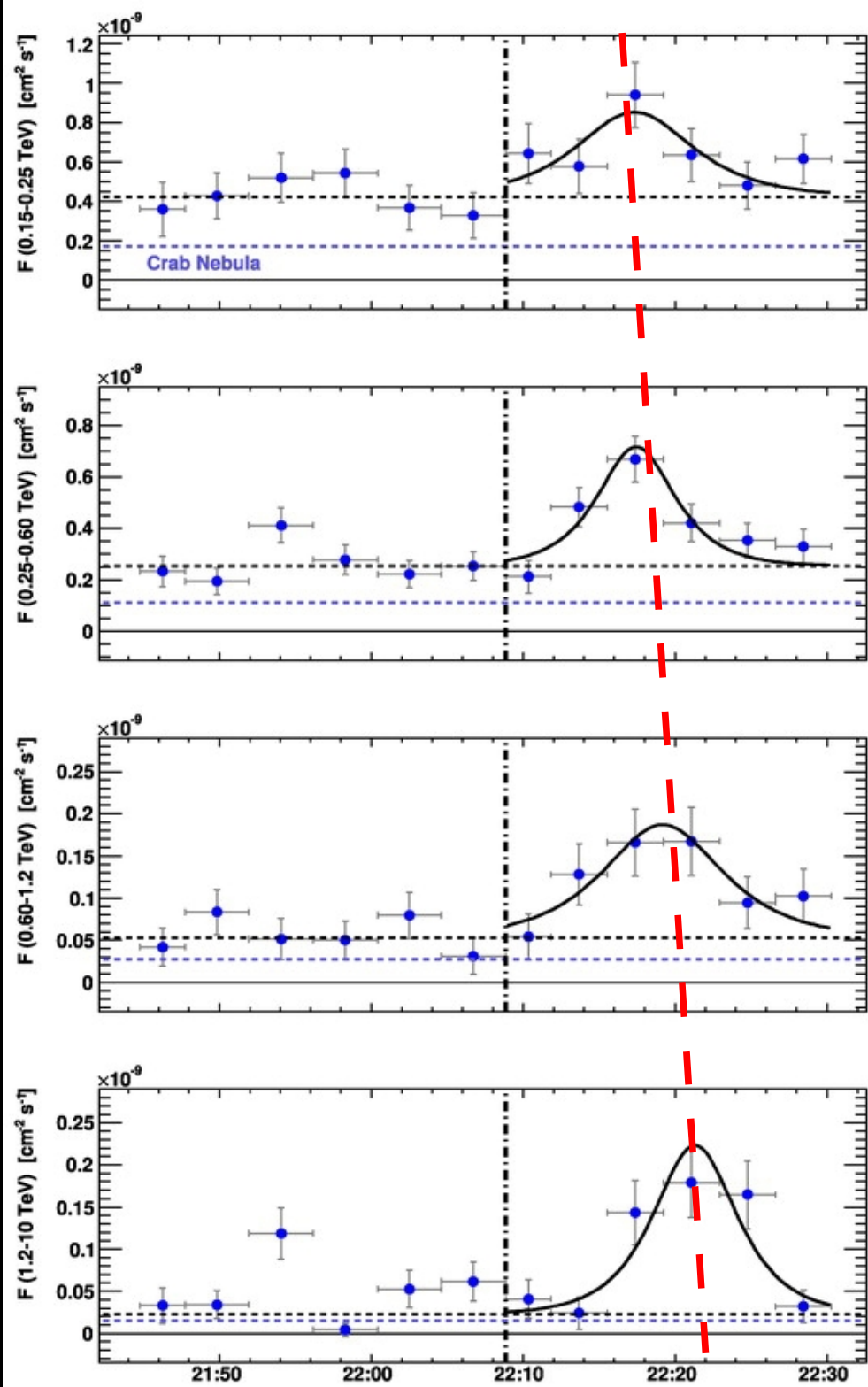




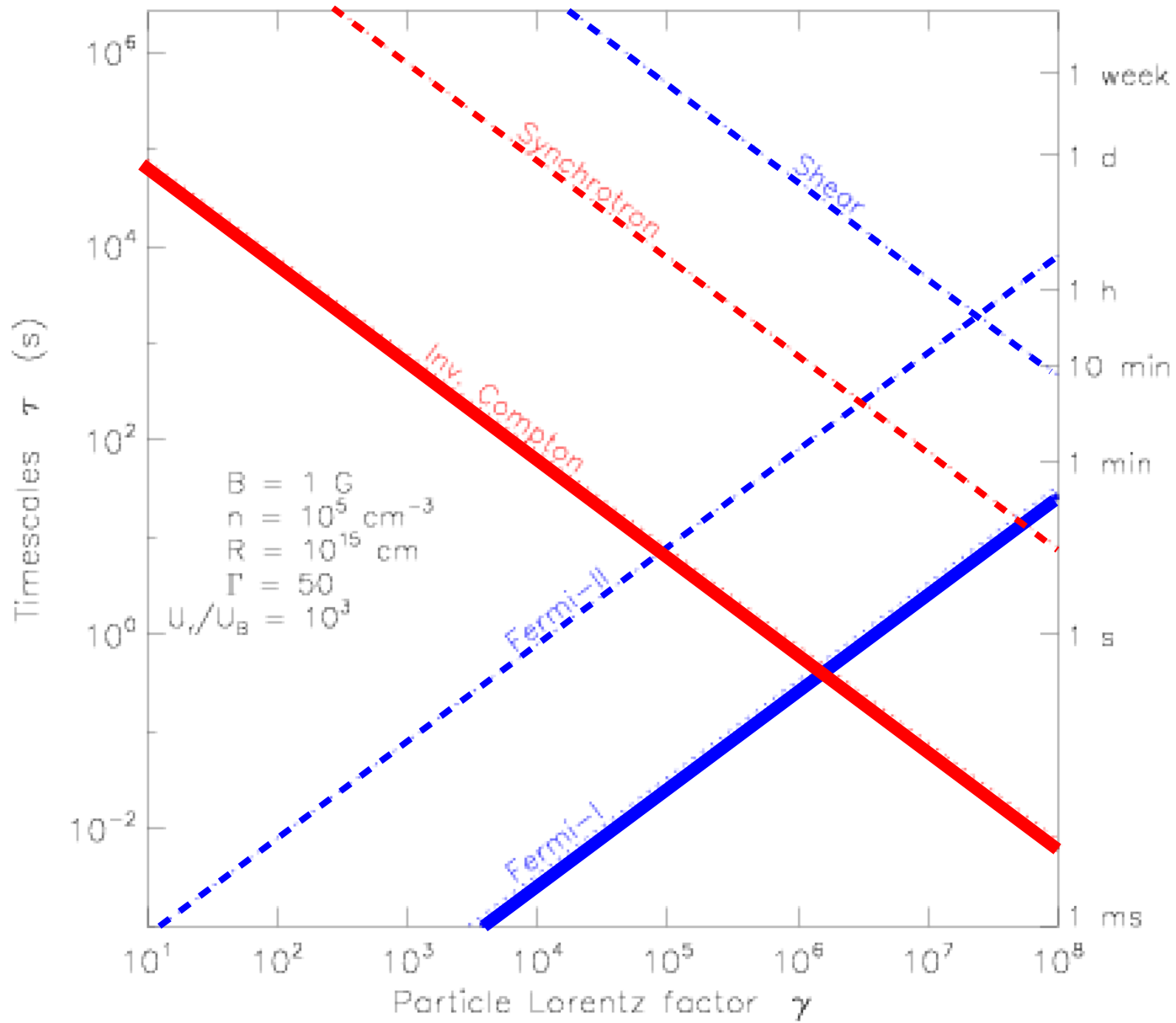
Example:

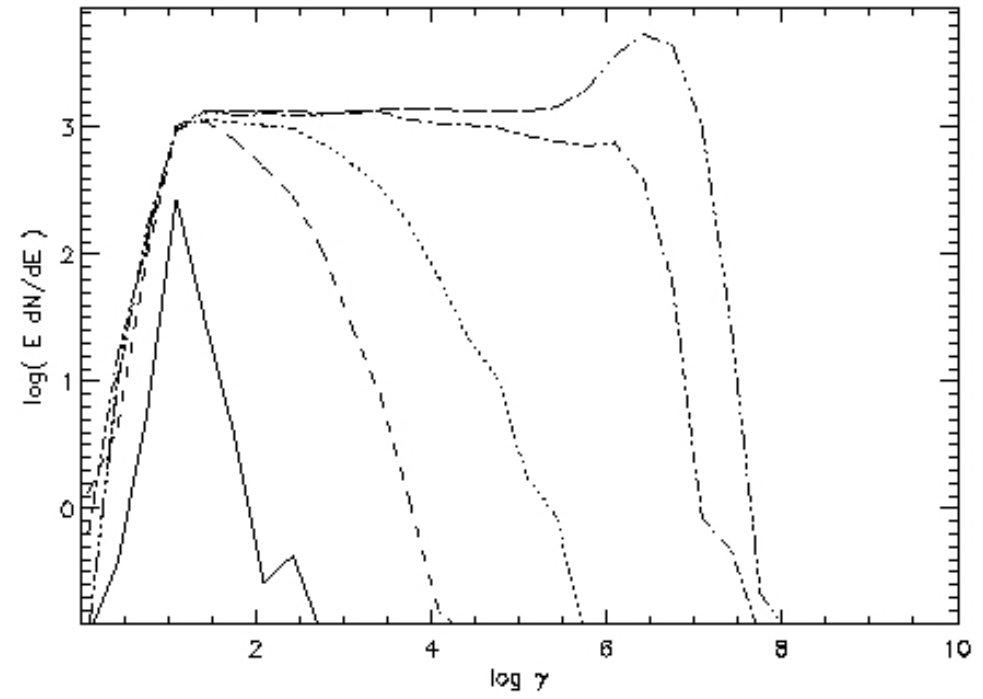
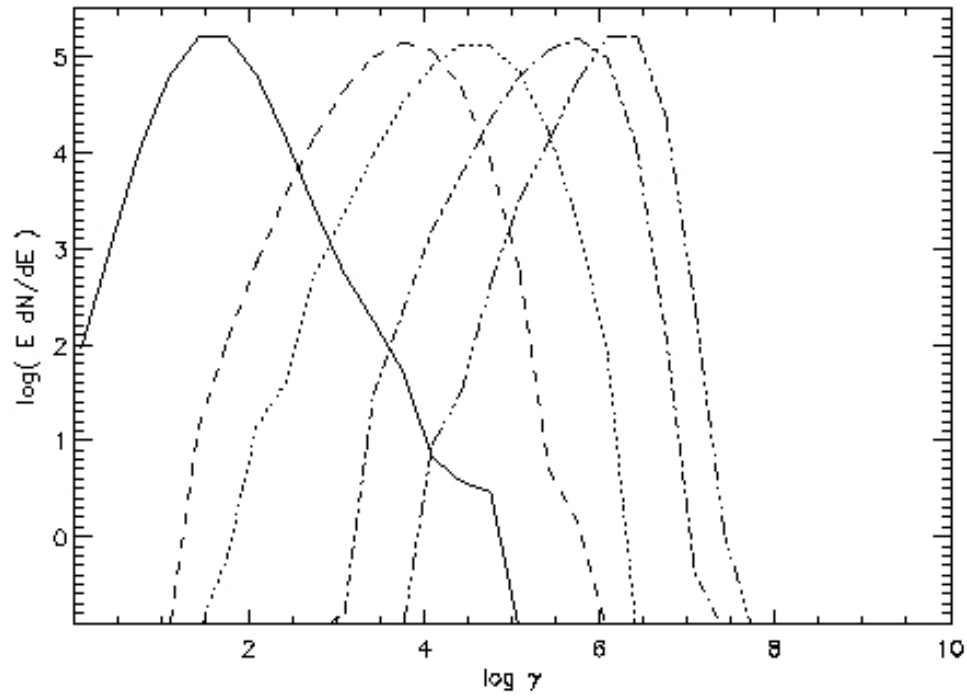
Markarian 501

Minute-scale TeV flare with "hard lag"

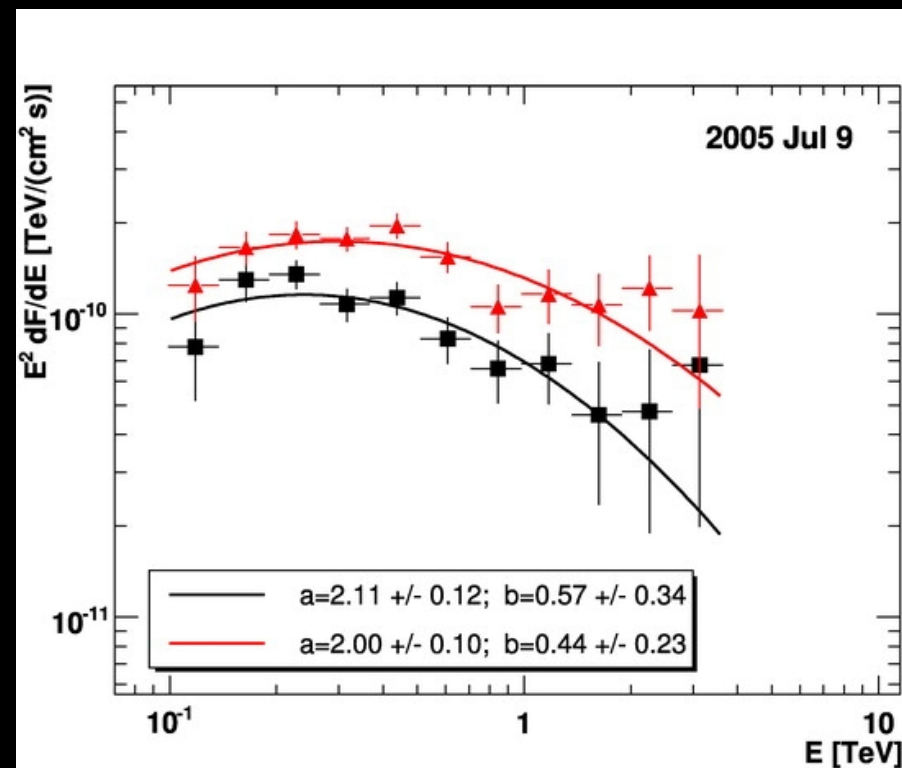
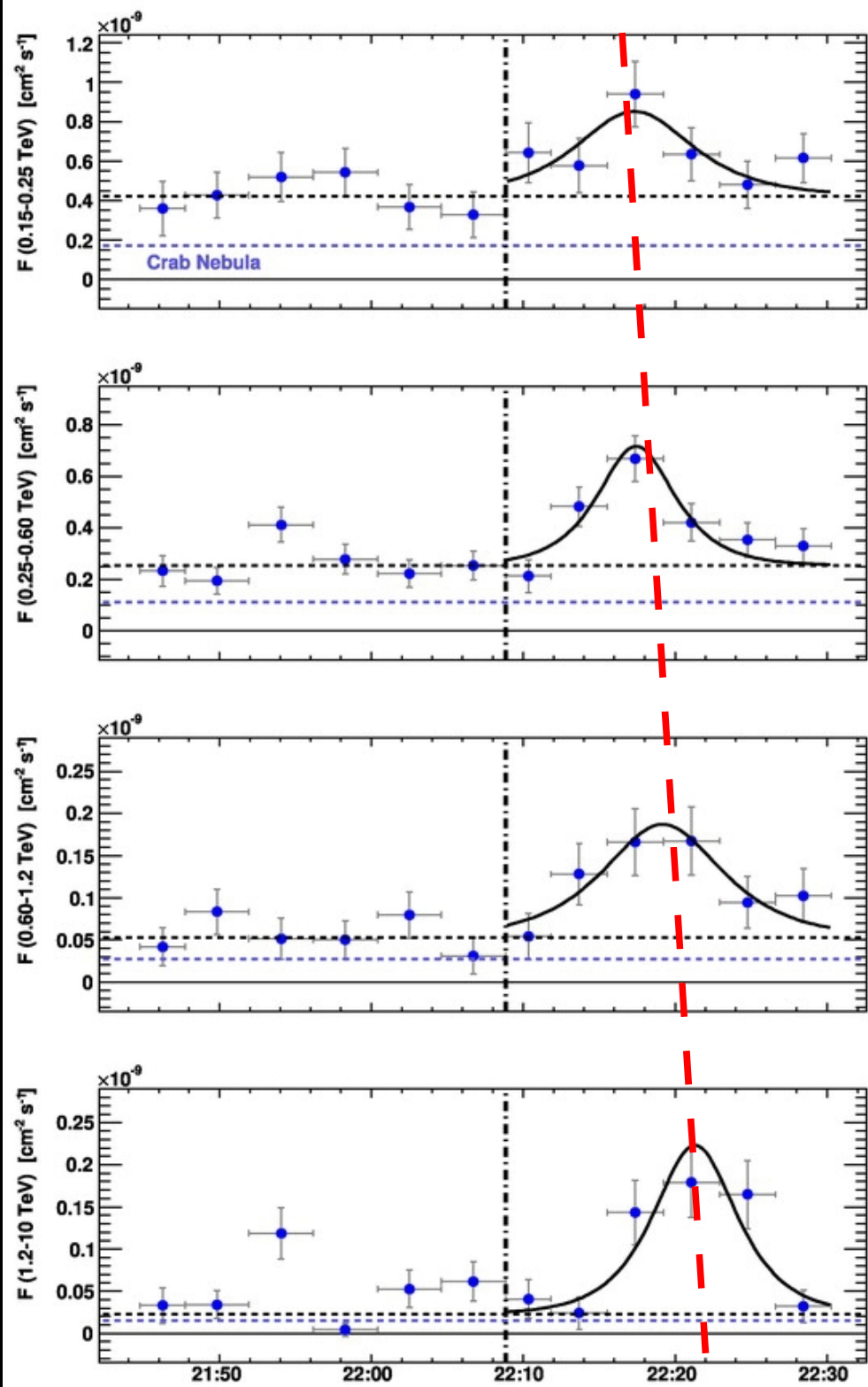


Albert et al. 2007
ApJ 669, L862





Virtanen (Tammi) & Vainio
2005, ApJ 621, 313



Albert et al. 2007
ApJ 669, L862

Summary

Comparison:

- Relevant processes
- Source structure
- Source parameters
- Continuous acceleration
- Multiple spectral breaks

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Tammi & Duffy 2009:

- ~~“Accelerate, then only radiate”~~
- Minute-scale TeV flares:
 - ~~Neutron-converter~~
 - ~~Shear-acceleration~~
 - Hadronic: instantaneous
- Hard lags: stochastic acceleration? Protons?

